User's Manual

ME742

Economical Microstepping Driver

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Attention: Please read this manual carefully before using the driver!





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1. Introduction, Features and Applications

Introduction

The ME742 is an economical microstepping driver based on patented technology of Leadshine. It is suitable for driving 2-phase and 4-phase hybrid stepping motors. By using the advanced bipolar constant-current chopping technique, it can output more speed and torque from the same motor, compared with traditional drivers, such as L/R drivers. Its 3-state current control technology allows coil currents to be well controlled and with relatively small current ripple, therefore less motor heating is achieved.

Features

- Low cost and good high-speed torque
- Supply voltage up to +70VDC
- Output current up to 4.2A
- Optically isolated input signals
- Pulse frequency up to 200 KHz
- Automatic idle-current reduction
- 3-state current control technology

- 15 selectable resolutions
- Suitable for 2-phase and 4-phase motors
- DIP switch current setting with 8 different values
- CW/CCW mode available (optional)
- Over-voltage and short-circuit protection
- Small size (118*75.5*33mm)

Applications

Suitable for a wide range of stepping motors from NEMA size 16 to 34. It can be used in various kinds of machines, such as X-Y tables, labeling machines, laser cutters, engraving machines, pick-place devices, and so on. Particularly adapt to the applications desired with low vibration, high speed and high precision.

2. Specifications and Operating Environment

Electrical Specifications ($T_i = 25^{\circ}C$)

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Doromotoro	ME742				
Parameters	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Output current	1.0	-	4.2 (3.0A RMS)	A	
Supply voltage	20	48	70	VDC	
Logic signal current	7	10	16	mA	
Pulse input frequency	0	-	200	KHz	
Isolation resistance	500			$M\Omega$	

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Operating Environment and other Specifications

Natural Cooling or Forced cooling			
Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases		
Ambient Temperature	0°C − 50°C		
Humidity	40%RH — 90%RH		
Operating Temperature	70°C Max		
Vibration	$5.9 \text{m/s}^2 \text{Max}$		
-20°C − 65°C			
Approx. 280 gram (9.9 oz)			
	Environment Ambient Temperature Humidity Operating Temperature Vibration		

Mechanical Specifications (unit:mm, 1 inch = 25.4 mm)

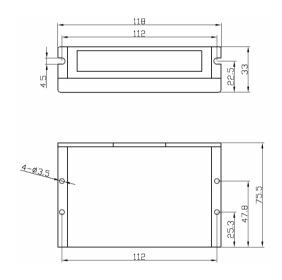


Figure 1: Mechanical specifications

*Recommended to use side mounting for better heat dissipation

Elimination of Heat

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- Driver's reliable working temperature should be <65°C, and motor working temperature should be <80°C:
- Recommend use automatic idle-current reduction mode, namely current automatically be reduced to 60% when motor stops, so as to reduce driver heating and motor heating;

2.

• Recommend use side mounting to maximize heat sink area.

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3. Pin Assignment and Description

The ME742 has two connectors, connector P1 for control signals connections, and connector P2 for power and motor connections. The following tables are brief descriptions of the two connectors of the ME742. More detailed descriptions of the pins and related issues are presented in section 4, 5, 9.

Connector P1 Configurations

Pin Function	Details					
PUL+(+5V)	Pulse signal: In single pulse (pulse/direction) mode, this input represents pulse signal, active at each rising or falling edge (set by inside jumper J1); 4-5V when PUL-HIGH, 0-0.5V when PUL-LOW. In double pulse mode (pulse/pulse), this input represents also busines (CW) pulse, active at high level.					
PUL-(PUL)	(pulse/pulse), this input represents clockwise (CW) pulse, active at high level or low level (set by inside jumper J1). For reliable response, pulse width should be longer than 2.5μs. Series connect resistors for current-limiting when +12V or +24V used.					
DIR+(+5V)	<u>DIR signal:</u> In single-pulse mode, this signal has low/high voltage levels, representing two directions of motor rotation; in double-pulse mode (set by inside jumper J2), this signal is counter-clock (CCW) pulse, active at high					
DIR-(DIR)	level or low level (set by inside jumper J1). For reliable motion response, DIR signal should be ahead of PUL signal by 5μ s at least. 4-5V when DIR-HIGH, 0-0.5V when DIR-LOW.					
ENA+(+5V)	Enable signal: This signal is used for enabling/disabling the driver. High level (NPN control signal, PNP and Differential control signals are on the contrary,					
ENA-(ENA)	namely Low level for enabling.) for enabling the driver and low level for disabling the driver. Usually left UNCONNECTED (ENABLED).					

Selecting Active Edge or Active Level and Control Signal Mode

There are two jumpers J1 and J2 inside the ME742 specifically for selecting active edge or active level and control signal mode, as shown in figure 2. Default setting is PUL/DIR mode and upward-rising edge active.

J1 **1** J2

(a) J1, J2 open circuit PUL/DIR mode and active at upward-rising edge (b) J1 short circuit, J2 open circuit PUL/DIR mode and active at downward-falling edge



J1 **1** J2

(c)J1 open circuit, J2 short circuit CW/CCW mode and active at high level (The fixed level) (d) J1, J2short circuit CW/CCW mode and active at low level (The fixed level)

Figure 2: J1 and J2 jumpers

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Connector P2 Configurations

Pin Function	Details
Gnd	DC power ground
+V	DC power supply, 20~70VDC, Including voltage fluctuation and EMF voltage.
A+, A-	Motor Phase A
B+,B-	Motor Phase B

4. Control Signal Connector (P1) Interface

The ME742 can accept differential and single-ended inputs (including open-collector and PNP output). The ME742 has 3 optically isolated logic inputs which are located on connector P1 to accept line driver control signals. These inputs are isolated to minimize or eliminate electrical noises coupled onto the driver control signals. Recommend use line driver control signals to increase noise immunity of the driver in interference environments. In the following figures, connections to open-collector and PNP signals are illustrated.

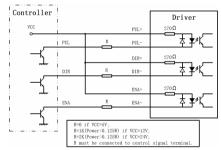


Figure 3: Connections to open-collector signal (common-anode)

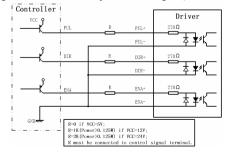


Figure 4: Connection to PNP signal (common-cathode)

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5. Connecting the Motor

The ME742 driver can drive any 2-pahse and 4-pahse hybrid stepping motors.

Connections to 4-lead Motors

4 lead motors are the least flexible but easiest to wire. Speed and torque will depend on winding inductance. In setting the driver output current, multiply the specified phase current by 1.4 to determine the peak output current.

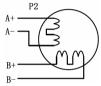


Figure 5: 4-lead Motor Connections

Connections to 6-lead Motors

Like 8 lead stepping motors, 6 lead motors have two configurations available for high speed or high torque operation. The higher speed configuration, or half coil, is so described because it uses one half of the motor's inductor windings. The higher torque configuration, or full coil, uses the full windings of the phases.

Half Coil Configurations

As previously stated, the half coil configuration uses 50% of the motor phase windings. This gives lower inductance, hence, lower torque output. Like the parallel connection of 8 lead motor, the torque output will be more stable at higher speeds. This configuration is also referred to as half chopper. In setting the driver output current multiply the specified per phase (or unipolar) current rating by 1.4 to determine the peak output current.



Figure 6: 6-lead motor half coil (higher speed) connections

Full Coil Configurations

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The full coil configuration on a six lead motor should be used in applications where higher torque at lower speeds is desired. This configuration is also referred to as full copper. In full coil mode, the

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motors should be run at only 70% of their rated current to prevent over heating.

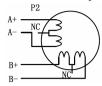


Figure 7: 6-lead motor full coil (higher torque) connections

Connections to 8-lead Motors

8 lead motors offer a high degree of flexibility to the system designer in that they may be connected in series or parallel, thus satisfying a wide range of applications.

Series Connections

A series motor configuration would typically be used in applications where a higher torque at lower speeds is required. Because this configuration has the most inductance, the performance will start to degrade at higher speeds. In series mode, the motors should also be run at only 70% of their rated current to prevent over heating.

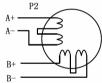


Figure 8: 8-lead motor series connections

Parallel Connections

An 8 lead motor in a parallel configuration offers a more stable, but lower torque at lower speeds. But because of the lower inductance, there will be higher torque at higher speeds. Multiply the per phase (or unipolar) current rating by 1.96, or the bipolar current rating by 1.4, to determine the peak output current.

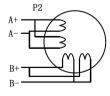


Figure 9: 8-lead motor parallel connections

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6. Power Supply Selection

The ME742 can match medium and small size stepping motors (from NEMA size 16 to 23) made by Leadshine or other motor manufactures around the world. To achieve good driving performances, it is important to select supply voltage and output current properly. Generally speaking, supply voltage determines the high speed performance of the motor, while output current determines the output torque of the driven motor (particularly at lower speed). Higher supply voltage will allow higher motor speed to be achieved, at the price of more noise and heating. If the motion speed requirement is low, it's better to use lower supply voltage to decrease noise, heating and improve reliability.

Regulated or Unregulated Power Supply

Both regulated and unregulated power supplies can be used to supply the driver. However, unregulated power supplies are preferred due to their ability to withstand current surge. If regulated power supplies (such as most switching supplies.) are indeed used, it is important to have large current output rating to avoid problems like current clamp, for example using 4A supply for 3A motor-driver operation. On the other hand, if unregulated supply is used, one may use a power supply of lower current rating than that of motor (typically 50%~70% of motor current). The reason is that the driver draws current from the power supply capacitor of the unregulated supply only during the ON duration of the PWM cycle, but not during the OFF duration. Therefore, the average current withdrawn from power supply is considerably less than motor current. For example, two 3A motors can be well supplied by one power supply of 4A rating.

Multiple Drivers

It is recommended to have multiple drivers to share one power supply to reduce cost, if the supply has enough capacity. To avoid cross interference, **DO NOT** daisy-chain the power supply input pins of the drivers. (Instead, please connect them to power supply separately.)

Attention: NEVER connect power and ground in the wrong direction, as it will damage the ME742.

Selecting Supply Voltage

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The power MOSFETS inside the ME742 can actually operate within +20V—+70VDC, including power input fluctuation and back EMF voltage generated by motor coils during motor shaft deceleration. Higher supply voltage can increase motor torque at higher speeds, thus helpful for avoiding losing steps. However, higher voltage may cause bigger motor vibration at lower speed, and it may also cause over-voltage protection or even driver damage. Therefore, it is suggested to choose only sufficiently high supply voltage for intended applications, and it is suggested to use power supplies with theoretical output voltage of +24~+ 36V, leaving room for power fluctuation and back-EMF.

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7. Selecting Microstep Resolution and Driver Output Current

This driver uses an 8-bit DIP switch to set microstep resolution, and motor operating current, as shown below:



Microstep Resolution Selection

Microstep resolution is set by SW5, 6, 7, 8 of the DIP switch as shown in the following table:

Microstep	Steps/rev.(for 1.8°motor)	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8
2	400	OFF	ON	ON	ON
4	800	ON	OFF	ON	ON
8	1600	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
16	3200	ON	ON	OFF	ON
32	6400	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
64	12800	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
128	25600	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
5	1000	ON	ON	ON	OFF
10	2000	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
20	4000	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
25	5000	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
40	8000	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
50	10000	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
100	20000	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
125	25000	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

Current Settings

For a given motor, higher driver current will make the motor to output more torque, but at the same time causes more heating in the motor and driver. Therefore, output current is generally set to be such that the motor will not overheat for long time operation. Since parallel and serial connections of motor coils will significantly change resulting inductance and resistance, it is therefore important to set driver output current depending on motor phase current, motor leads and connection methods. Phase current rating supplied by motor manufacturer is important in selecting driver current, however the selection also depends on leads and connections.

The first three bits (SW1, 2, 3) of the DIP switch are used to set the dynamic current. Select a setting

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closest to your motor's required current.

Dynamic Current Setting

Peak current (A)	RMS (A)	SW1	SW2	SW3
1.00A	0.71A	ON	ON	ON
1.46A	1.04A	OFF	ON	ON
1.91A	1.36A	ON	OFF	ON
2.37A	1.69A	OFF	OFF	ON
2.84A	2.03A	ON	ON	OFF
3.31A	2.36A	OFF	ON	OFF
3.76A	2.69A	ON	OFF	OFF
4.20A	3.00A	OFF	OFF	OFF

Notes: Due to motor inductance, the actual current in the coil may be smaller than the dynamic current setting, particularly under high speed condition.

Standstill Current Setting

SW4 is used for this purpose. OFF meaning that the standstill current is set to be half of the selected dynamic current, and ON meaning that standstill current is set to be the same as the selected dynamic current.

The current automatically reduced to 60% of the selected dynamic current 0.4 second after the last pulse. Theoretically, this will reduce motor heating to 36% (due to P=I²*R) of the original value. If the application needs a different standstill current, please contact Leadshine.

8. Wiring Notes

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- In order to improve anti-interference performance of the driver, it is recommended to use twisted pair shield cable.
- To prevent noise incurred in PUL/DIR signal, pulse/direction signal wires and motor wires should not be tied up together. It is better to separate them by at least 10 cm, otherwise the disturbing signals generated by motor will easily disturb pulse direction signals, causing motor position error, system instability and other failures.
- If a power supply serves several drivers, separately connecting the drivers is recommended instead of daisy-chaining.
- It is prohibited to pull and plug connector P2 while the driver is powered ON, because there is
 high current flowing through motor coils (even when motor is at standstill). Pulling or plugging
 connector P2 with power on will cause extremely high back-EMF voltage surge, which may
 damage the driver.

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9. Typical Connection

A complete stepping system should include stepping motor, stepping driver, power supply and controller (pulse generator). A typical connection is shown as figure 10.

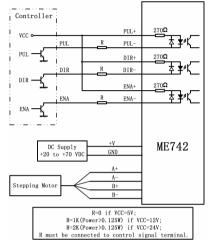


Figure 10: Typical connection

10. Sequence Chart of Control Signals

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA signals must abide by some rules, as shown in the following diagram (assuming J1 default setting is upward-rising edge effective):

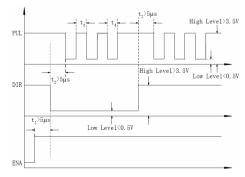


Figure 11: Sequence chart of control signals

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Remark:

- (1) t₁: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least 5µs. Usually, ENA+ and ENA- are NC (not connected). See "Connector P1 Configurations" for more information.
- (2) t₂: DIR must be ahead of PUL active falling edge by at least 5μs to ensure correct direction;
- (3) t_3 : Pulse width not less than 2.5 µs;
- (4) t_4 : low level width not less than 2.5 µs.

11. Protection Functions

To improve reliability, the driver incorporates some built-in protections features.

Over-voltage Protection

When power supply voltage exceeds +80VDC, protection will be activated and power indicator LED will turn red. When power supply voltage is lower than +20VDC, the driver will not works properly.

Coil-ground Short Circuit Protection

Protection will be activated in case of short circuit between motor coil and ground.

<u>Attention:</u> Since there is no protection against power leads (+, -) reversal, it is critical to make sure that power supply leads correctly connected to the driver. Otherwise, the driver will be damaged instantly.

12. Frequently Asked Questions

In the event that your ME742 doesn't operate properly, the first step is to identify whether the problem is electrical or mechanical in nature. The next step is to isolate the system component that is causing the problem. As part of this process you may have to disconnect the individual components that make up your system and verify that they operate independently. It is important to document each step in the troubleshooting process. You may need this documentation to refer back to at a later date, and these details will greatly assist our Technical Support staff in determining the problem should you need assistance.

Many of the problems that affect motion control systems can be traced to electrical noise, controller software errors, or mistake in wiring.

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Problem Symptoms and Possible Causes

Symptoms	Possible Problems		
	No power		
	Microstep resolution setting is wrong		
Motor is not rotating	DIP switch current setting is wrong		
	Fault condition exists		
	The driver is disabled		
Motor rotates in the wrong direction	Motor phases may be connected in reverse		
The driver in fault	DIP switch current setting is wrong		
The utiver in launt	Something wrong with motor coil		
	Control signal is too weak		
	Control signal is interfered		
Erratic motor motion	Wrong motor connection		
	Something wrong with motor coil		
	Current setting is too small, losing steps		
	Current setting is too small		
Motor stalls during acceleration	Motor is undersized for the application		
Wiotor stans during acceleration	Acceleration is set too high		
	Power supply voltage too low		
	Inadequate heat sinking / cooling		
Excessive motor and driver heating	Automatic current reduction function not being utilized		
	Current is set too high		

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APPENDIX

Twelve Month Limited Warranty

Leadshine Technology Co., Ltd. warrants its products against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 12 months from shipment out of factory. During the warranty period, Leadshine will either, at its option, repair or replace products which proved to be defective.

Exclusions

The above warranty does not extend to any product damaged by reasons of improper or inadequate handlings by customer, improper or inadequate customer wirings, unauthorized modification or misuse, or operation beyond the electrical specifications of the product and/or operation beyond environmental specifications for the product.

Obtaining Warranty Service

To obtain warranty service, a returned material authorization number (RMA) must be obtained from customer service at e-mail: tech@leadshine.com before returning product for service. Customer shall prepay shipping charges for products returned to Leadshine for warranty service, and Leadshine shall pay for return of products to customer.

Warranty Limitations

Leadshine makes no other warranty, either expressed or implied, with respect to the product. Leadshine specifically disclaims the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Some jurisdictions do not allow limitations on how long and implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. However, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness is limited to the 12-month duration of this written warranty.

Shipping Failed Product

If your product fail during the warranty period, e-mail customer service at tech@leadshine.com to obtain a returned material authorization number (RMA) before returning product for service. Please include a written description of the problem along with contact name and address. Send failed product to distributor in your area or: Leadshine Technology Co., Ltd. 3/F, Block 2, Nanshan Dist, Shenzhen, China. Also enclose information regarding the circumstances prior to product failure.

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